## Chapter 33 Problem 57 $^{\dagger}$

Given

$$P = 10^9 \ W$$

$$m = 1 g$$

## Solution

Find the time city could be powered.

From the rest mass energy we have

$$E = mc^2$$

Power is just the energy used per time

$$P = E/t$$

Solving for time gives

$$t = \frac{E}{P} = \frac{mc^2}{P}$$

Substituting in the provided values gives

$$t = \frac{(1.0 \times 10^{-3} \ kg)(3.0 \times 10^8 \ m/s)^2}{10^9 \ W} = 9.0 \times 10^4 \ s$$

The city could be powered for 25 hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Problem from Essential University Physics, Wolfson