Chapter 35 Problem 26[†]

Given $m = 1.0 \ g = 1.0 \times 10^{-3} \ kg$ $k = 80 \ N/m$

Solution

Find the separation between the energy levels for a harmonic oscillator, which is a mass on a spring.

The angular frequency of the mass on a spring oscillator is given by the formula

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{80 \ N/m}{1.0 \times 10^{-3} \ kg}} = 283 \ rad/s$$

The frequency of this oscillator is

$$f = \frac{\omega}{2\pi} = \frac{283 \; rad/s}{2\pi} = 45.0 \; Hz$$

The allowed energy levels of a harmonic oscillator are

$$E_n = hf(n + \frac{1}{2})$$

Therefore, the difference between adjacent energy levels is

$$\Delta E = hf$$

Therefore, the energy difference is

$$\Delta E = (6.63 \times 10^{-34} \ J \cdot s)(45.0 \ Hz) = 2.98 \times 10^{-32} \ J$$

This quantization is so small it is not measurable.

 $^{^\}dagger \mathrm{Problem}$ from Essential University Physics, Wolfson