Chapter 33 Problem 58 [†]

Given

$$1 eV = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} J$$

$$c = 3.00 \times 10^{8} m/s$$

$$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} kg$$

Solution

a) Find the speed of an electron with a kinetic energy of $100 \ eV$.

The relationship between kinetic energy and velocity is

$$E = \gamma mc^2 = K + mc^2$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (v/c)^2}} mc^2 = K + mc^2$$

where m is the rest mass of the electron and K is the kinetic energy of the electron. Solving for velocity gives

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (v/c)^2}} = \frac{K}{mc^2} + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - (v/c)^2} = \left(\frac{K}{mc^2} + 1\right)^2$$

$$1 - (v/c)^2 = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{K}{mc^2} + 1\right)^2}$$

$$(v/c)^2 = 1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{K}{mc^2} + 1\right)^2}$$

$$v = c\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{K}{mc^2} + 1\right)^2}}$$
(1)

Next convert the kinetic energy into joules and substitute the appropriate values into equation 1.

$$K = (100 \ eV) \left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \ J}{1 \ eV}\right) = 1.6 \times 10^{-17} \ J$$
$$v = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-17} \ J}{(9.11 \times 10^{-31} \ kg)(3.00 \times 10^8 \ m/s)^2} + 1\right)^2}} = 0.0198c$$

b) Find the speed of an electron with a kinetic energy of $100 \ keV$.

Convert the kinetic energy into joules and substitute the appropriate values into equation 1.

$$K = (100 \times 10^{3} \ eV) \left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \ J}{1 \ eV}\right) = 1.6 \times 10^{-14} \ J$$

$$v = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-14} \ J}{(9.11 \times 10^{-31} \ kg)(3.00 \times 10^{8} \ m/s)^{2}} + 1\right)^{2}} = 0.548c$$

[†]Problem from Essential University Physics, Wolfson

c) Find the speed of an electron with a kinetic energy of $1.0 \; MeV$.

Convert the kinetic energy into joules and substitute the appropriate values into equation 1.

$$K = (1.0 \times 10^6 \ eV) \left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \ J}{1 \ eV}\right) = 1.6 \times 10^{-13} \ J$$

$$v = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-13} J}{(9.11 \times 10^{-31} kg)(3.00 \times 10^8 m/s)^2} + 1\right)^2}} = 0.941c$$

d) Find the speed of an electron with a kinetic energy of 1.0 GeV.

Convert the kinetic energy into joules and substitute the appropriate values into equation 1.

$$K = (1.0 \times 10^9 \ eV) \left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \ J}{1 \ eV}\right) = 1.6 \times 10^{-10} \ J$$

$$v = c \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1.6 \times 10^{-10} J}{(9.11 \times 10^{-31} kg)(3.00 \times 10^8 m/s)^2} + 1\right)^2}} = 0.99999987c$$