Chapter 18 Problem 39 [†]

Given

Compression ratio = 8.5 Ti = 30 °C $\gamma = 1.4$ adiabatic compression

Solution

Find the temperature at maximum compression.

The compression ratio gives us a ratio of the volumes. When the gas-air mixture is entering the engine the volume is a maximum. At maximum compression the volume is a minimum. From this compression ratio we get the relationship

$$V_i = 8.5 V_f$$

Since the process is adiabatic, the relationship between temperature and volume is

$$TV^{\gamma-1} = const.$$

Therefore, the comparison between initial and final volume and temperature is

$$T_i V_i^{\gamma - 1} = T_f V_f^{\gamma - 1}$$

Solving for the final temperature gives us

$$T_f = \frac{T_i V_i^{\gamma - 1}}{V_f^{\gamma - 1}} = T_i \left(\frac{V_i}{V_f}\right)^{\gamma - 1}$$

The temperature used here is an absolute temperature. Therefore, we must convert the temperature to the kelvin scale.

$$T_f = (273 + 30) \left(\frac{8.5V_f}{V_f}\right)^{1.4 - 1}$$

$$T_f = 713~K~or~440~^{\circ}C$$

[†]Problem from Essential University Physics, Wolfson