Chapter 17 Problem 25 †

Given $H_2 at 75 K$ $SO_2 at 350 K$

Solution

Find the gas that has the faster moving molecules.

Use the relationship between kinetic energy and temperature.

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{3}{2}kT$$

Solving for velocity gives

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3kT}{m}}$$

The mass of the hydrogen gas is

$$m_{H_2} = 2 \ u \left(\frac{1.67 \times 10^{-27} \ kg}{1 \ u}\right) = 3.34 \times 10^{-27} \ kg$$

The velocity of the hydrogen gas is then

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \ J/K)(75 \ K)}{(3.34 \times 10^{-27} \ kg)}} = 964 \ m/s$$

The mass of the sulfur dioxide is

$$m_{SO_2} = 64 \ u \left(\frac{1.67 \times 10^{-27} \ kg}{1 \ u}\right) = 1.07 \times 10^{-25} \ kg$$

The velocity of the sulfur dioxide is

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{3(1.38 \times 10^{-23} \ J/K)(350 \ K)}{(1.07 \times 10^{-25} \ kg)}} = 368 \ m/s$$

Comparing the velocities we have

$$\frac{v_{H_2}}{v_{SO_2}} = \frac{964 \ m/s}{368 \ m/s} = 2.62$$

The hydrogen gas is travelling at 2.62 times the speed of the sulfur dioxide gas.

[†]Problem from Essential University Physics, Wolfson