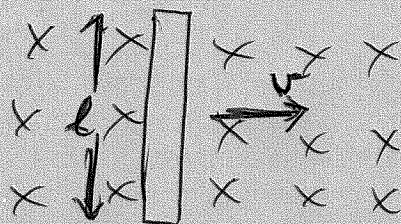


Ch 13 Prob 43

$$l = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$v = 5.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$B = 0.25 \text{ T}$$



a) Find the magnetic force on an electron

$$\vec{F}_m = q \vec{v} \times \vec{B} = (-1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) \left[ (5.0 \hat{i}) \times (0.25 - \hat{k}) \right]$$

$$\vec{F}_m = -2.0 \times 10^{-19} \hat{j} \text{ N}$$

b) Find the electric field in the rod

$$\vec{F}_e = -\vec{F}_m \rightarrow q \vec{E} = -q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) \rightarrow \vec{E} = -\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{E} = -(5.0 \hat{i} \text{ m/s}) \times (-0.25 \hat{k} \text{ T})$$

$$\vec{E} = -1.25 \hat{j} \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}}$$

c) Find the potential difference between the ends of the rod.

$$E = -\frac{\Delta V}{l} \rightarrow \Delta V = -l \cdot \vec{E} = -(0.25 \text{ m}) (-1.25 \hat{j} \frac{\text{V}}{\text{m}})$$

$$\Delta V = 0.313 \text{ V}$$

Higher potential at the top of the rod

d) What is the speed of the rod if the potential difference is 1.0V?

$$\Delta V = l \cdot v B \Rightarrow v = \frac{\Delta V}{l B} = \frac{(1.0 \text{ V})}{(0.25 \text{ m})(0.25 \text{ T})}$$

$$v = 16 \text{ m/s}$$